the speaker of the day, and this afternoon talked to several thousand people on the political issues. He made an able address, which was received with shouts of applause by the enthusiastic crowd during its delivery. Several laboring men in this township who have heretofore voted with the Democrats are with the Republicans this time on the tariff issue, and Mr. Yaryan's speech will further help the cause. Hon. I. W. Ivey and R. S. Taylor, of Nebrasks, made s speech to a large crowd in the public square

Burton and Smallwood at Evansville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal EVANSVILLE, Oct. 17.-The Republicans held another big demonstration here to-night, in honor of the visit of Hon. J. H. Burton, of Kansas, and Hon. John J. Smallwood, of Virginia. The latter is the noted colored orator doing so much in this camfor the Republican party. After a big torch-light procession, three thousand people assembled at Evans's Hall and listened to two splendid addresses by the gentlemen named. Mr. Burton made one of the best speeches of the campaign, and was frequently interrupted with applause. His remarks were mainly devoted to the effects of protection and free trade on this country and her people. "The fruit of low tariff," said he, "is sectionalism. Protection is a national idea, and cements the masses together. The Democracy believe in degrading honest labor, while the Republicans believe that labor must be paid well, respected and protected." He closed by saying that Cleveland is enlogized by the South and by England, while that section and Great Britain hurl their anathemas against our great leader, General Harrison, who stands upon a platform built by Americans for Americans. Grover Cleveland stands upon a platform constructed by the South-land leaders, under the advice of England. The speech had a wonderful effect upon the audi-

Hon. John J. Smallwood followed in an able and elequent exposition of Republican principles, dwelling particularly upon the tariff and its effect upon American industries, and the purity of the bailot in the South. There were many Democrats present, and if they were not converted they were certainly put to thinking.

Hon. W. S. Kenworthy at Milroy.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MILROY, Oct. 17 .- The Republicans in this part of Rush county were given a treat last night, in an address upon the political situation by Hon. W. S. Kenworthy, of Iowa. Though the weather was bad a good crowd was in attendance, and for an hour and a half the speaker presented the various issues in a way that brought conviction to all seekers after the truth. Mr. Kenworthy was extremely happy in giving the Democrats no chance to say that he was unfair and intolerant. His presentation of the State issues, the sectional nature of the proposed legislation of the Democracy, the false promises of the Democracy upon civil-service reform, the suppression of a free ballot, as well as the disfranchisement of the people of Dakota, were told in a way that cannot fail to do good. He also presented the tariff question in a new and attractive manner, that brought many wavering voters to the point of conviction. His illustration of the difference between Harrison and Cleveland brought applause from everybody.

Swift and Wilson at Greenfield.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENFIFLD, Oct. 17 .- To-night one of the best meetings of the campaign was held here. Lucius B. Swift, of Indianapolis, delivered avery able speech on the subject of the abuse of the benevolent institutions by the Democratic party, and the broken promises of President Cleveland in regard to the civil service. Postmaster Jones, of Indianapolis, was shown to have discharged many Union soldiers and to have put in their place Democratic criminals and the son of a confederate soldier. Hon. Jere M. Wilson, of Washington city, followed Mr. Swift, and delivgred a masterly argument on the tariff question. The audience could not more than half get in

Ex-Congressman Horr at South Bend. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

South Bend, Oct. 17 .- Ex-Congressman Horr, of Michigan, addressed an audience of nearly 3,000 people in the rink, to-night. He handled the tariff queetion in a masterly manner, inviting Democrats to ask questions, and replying to them in a way that carried conviction every time. The meeting was one of the most interesting of the campaign.

Capt. Peter Kiolbasso, of Chicago, addressed a large meeting of his Polish countrymen, showing them that their interests as workingmen were best served by the Republican policy of protection. He was frequently applauded.

Hon. H. C. Gooding at Rochester.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. ROCHESTER, Oct. 17 .- The speech of the Hon. H. C. Gooding, of Evansville, at the Academy of Music, last evening. was one of the best delivered here this campaign. After the masterly efforts of General Gibson and Hon. J. L. Griffiths in the afternoon, nothing unusually interesting was expected from one whose reputation as a public speaker had not preceded him. The large audience was agreeably disappointed. It was a nodel Republican campaign speech, eliciting from his hearers their undivided attention to his clear and convincing statements of the

Dr. Hammon at Pendleton.

(pecial to the Indianapolis Journal PENDLETON, Oct. 17 .- E. W. Hammon, M. D., of Winchester, formerly a leading thirdearty Prohibitionist, addressed one of the largest indoor meetings of the campaign, at this place, est night. The Doctor gave his reasons for withdrawing from the third party, which were contained in the fact that that party were enemies, rather than friends, of true temperance— an unholy alliance with the Democracy; proving his assertions point by point. Dr. Hammon is an eloquent speaker and is doing good work for Harrison and Morton and Hovey and Chase.

Hon. M. J. Murry at Rockville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ROCKVILLE, Oct. 17 .- The Republicans had another good speech, on Tuesday night, at the court-house. The orator was the Hon. M. J. Murry, the young exponent of Republican doctrines from Massachusetts. The court-room was densely crowded and many stood up. He spoke over two hours, and held his audience in an address on all the issues, laying most stress on the tariff and free-trade question, and illustrating it with examples in his New Eugland home. The Rockville Escort Club was out and showed him proper courtesies.

Hon. Henry U. Johnson at Spiceland.

Special to the Indianapolis Journa. SPICELAND, Oct. 17 .- Hon. Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, spoke in Hoover's Hall last night to a full house. Most of his two hours' speech was devoted to the temperance issuehis remarks showing that he is thoroughly posted on all phases of the subject. His large audience listened throughout without getting weary, frequently showing their approval by cheers. At the close of the speech several third-party people came forward and congratulated

Hon, William M. Marine at Covington,

Special to the Indianapolis Journes COVINGTON, Oct. 17 .- Hon. William M. Maeine, of Baltimore, Md., made his first address in this State last evening at this place. His speech was eloquent and to the point, carrying conviction to the minds of all his listeners. His comparison of Cleveland with Washington, Hamilton, Jackson and others carried the audience away. His treatment of the tariff was novel. but convincing, as was also that of the soldiers

Judge Kenworthy at Rushville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal RUSHVILLE, Oct. 17 .- Judge W. S. Kenworth, of Iowa, who has been speaking in southern Indiana, spoke at this place, to-night, to a very large audience. For plain and practical tariff explanation Mr. Kenworthy's work is most excellent. No man who is given an opportunity should fail to hear him. Nothwithstanding the fact that his speech was quite long he closed amid calls of "more" and cheers for the

Speaking and Pole Baising at Centerville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CENTERVILLE, Oct. 17 .- The Hon. Thomas M. Browne and Hon. James Watson, of Winchester, addressed an immense audience here last evening. The hall, with a seating capacity of 500 people, was packed. A Harrison and Morton pole was raised during the day.

Delegations were present from surrounding towns, including marching clubs and glee clubs. A grand torch-light procession was held at night, in which the ladies' marching club took part.

Private Chase at Kokomo. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Kokomo, Oct. 17 .- Private Ira J. Chase addressed an audience packed into the court-house this evening, which equaled in numbers and enthusiasm anything ever assembled here. He held his hearers through two hours by a most powerful and persuasive appeal in behalf of the Republican cause and Republican candidates. His patriotic appeals moved everybody, and and carried conviction to several voters who now take their position in the Republican ranks. The meeting was an unqualified success in

Griffiths and Nelson in Miami. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PERU. Oct. 17 .- Hon. John L. Griffiths addressed a large meeting this evening in the court-house here. At Xenia a rousing meeting was addressed by Hon. Thomas H. Nelson.

## A TRAGEDY IN HAVANA.

A Mysterious Double Murder Which Is Puzzling the Police of the Cuban Metropolis. HAVANA, Oct. 17 .- The particulars of a double tragedy here are as follows: Senor Domingo Sanudo, a well-known real estate owner, and his wife, Senora Micaela Rebollo, were found dead in the back parlor of their residence, their bodies having been horribly mutilated by the murderers with a little ax which had been left on a chair. The victims were, respectively, eighty-six and sixty-eight years of age. They had spent their lives in amassing a fortune, which had been gained chiefly through an excessively frugal and retired mode of living. Their wealth is estimated at \$2,000,000 in round numbers. They owned sighty-six houses. They leave an only daughter, whose husband has been arrested on suspicion of being connected with the crime. The old couple had of late been so fearful of being robbed that they did not keep a servant, opened their door to inmates of the house only, and received large sums due them through iron bars. They seldom left their home, and were, so to speak, their own jailers. They took but one meal a day, and that was reduced to a single dish. Their house is at 19 Inquisidor street. The interior has the appearance of a castle, if not a jail. The or'y entrance or exist was by one door, and this was securely bolted. The police had to break open a window (there were only two in all) to get at the mutilated corpses. The murderer is unknown, and did not leave a trace of himself; nor did he apparently touch anything in the house Excepting the money, amounting to thousands of dollars, the contents of the house were very poor and exceedingly dirty. Senora Maria Regla, the daughter, and her husband, Juan Munoz, reside in a house adjoining that in which the tragedy occurred. They were married some twenty rears ago, against the wishes of the old people Munoz was on bad terms with his wife's parents, but there is no proof against him. A servant of

How Barttelot Was Killed. LONDON, Oct. 17 .-- A dispatch from St. Paul de Loando gives the official account of the killing of Major Barttelot. Barttelot had been much annoyed by Many Mas practicing singing and dramming early in the morning and in the evening; and threatened to stop the practice. On July 19, early in the morning, in spite of Bonny's efforts to dissuade him, he proceeded alone to the drummer's tent. Shortly afterwards a shot was heard, and Bonny, run ning out, found the camp in a state of excitement, and heard shouts of "The white man is dead." Barttelot's body was found lying by the drummer's tent. His breast had been pierced by a bullet, and his clothes showed marks of having been burned by gunpowder. Jameson, who was with the advance guard, heard of Barttelou's death the next day, and immediately returned, but the natives had already dispersed after stealing the stores. Jameson then proceeded to Stanley Falls, leaving Bonny in charge of Camp Aruwhimi. The account represents Tippoo Tib as being

grieved at the death of Barttelot. He said he

would have given half his fortune to prevent Has the Mahdi Deflected the Nile? London, Oct. 17 .- There is a fast-growing fear among the Egyptian natives that the present low stage of the Nile, unprecedented in recent times, is due to the machinations of the Mahdi. It is argued that the ancients were fully aware that it was possible to deflect the course of the Nile, and in support of this argument the exponents of this theory quote Ezekiel xxix, 8, and xxx, 12, and Isaiah xix, 5, threatening the desolation of Egypt and the turning of her waters from their courses. It is further alleged that the king of Abyssinia, in 1704, threatened the Turkish Pasha at Cairo to wail himself of his power to turn the Nile from its course at some point in the unexplored region through which the great river runs, and many persons, not sharing the fanaticism of the Mandi's followers, are inclined to the belief that he, too, has discovered the place and the means of putting Egypt to death slowly by drying up her fountain of life.

American Ingenuity Rewarded. New York, Oct. 17 .- The following extract from a note just received from one of the jurors of the Brussels exposition shows that, though the number of American exhibitors was not as large as it should have been, the reputation of American artisans for ingenuity and talent was fully sustained by those who represented them at the exposition. The writer, under date of the 5th of October, says: "I have just finished the duties of juror at the exposition, and must let you hear of the returns. In agricultural machines, in which division I was put, we got for the United States three diplomas of honor-the highest award-and one gold medal; in other words, a diploma of honor for each exhibitor but one, and he really only deserved a gold medal. The other exhibiters fared equally well. for out of seventy-three exhibits, fifty-four got distinctions of greater or less degree. I think

we have reason to congratulate ourselves.

Cardinal Howard's Insanity. London, Oct. 17 .- Cardinal Howard was conveyed yesterday from the private mad-house in St. John's Wood, where he has been confined, to a better asylum for the winter, situated near Brighton. The Cardinal was seized with madness last December. He has had frequent lucid intervals, in which his grief and despair have been highly pathetic. He is now crazy all the while, and the cerebral affection is hopeless. He still looks the picture of health save for a wild glance in the eyes. His mania almost steadily is that he is a captain in the Horse Guards. which he was before he took orders, and his language now is much better adapted to the messroom than to a monastery. He is very watchful, though, about his clothes, and insists on maintaining a cardinal's dress throughout, even to the red stockings and the red beretta, which he wears back on the side of his head like an offi-

cer's forage cap.

The Explosion at Calais. CALAIS, Oct. 17 .- The force of the explosion of petroleum yesterday, on board the steamer Ville de Calais, which arrived Oct. 10 from Philadelphia, tore off the deck and partly carried away her sides. Only the forward portion of the vessel sunk, and the fire is raging fiercely in that portion above water. The vessel is lying at the upper dock. Other shipping lying in the vicinity of the steamer was much damaged by the explosion. It is feared that the loss of life was great. Portions of a dozen bodies have been found lying on the quays, arms, legs and heads being scattered about in shocking con-

Foreign Notes.

The Afghan rising has been crushed. Ishak's troops have surrendered, and Ishak has taken refuse in Bokhara The London Baptist Association has unanimonsly agreed to oppose the sectarian proposals

Acting on the advice of Italy and foreign elericals the Pope has decided to instruct the bishops throughout the world to continue to agitate for the restoration of the temporal power of

The re-arranging of the Russian troops in the vicinity of the Austrian frontier is proceeding actively, in response to the movements of the Austrian forces. No special change in the relations between the two countries has taken place. The movement of the Russian troops is

merely a measure of precaution. Morton pole was raised during the day.

Raily at Cerro Gordo, Ill.

Special to the Indianaselis Journa.

Monticello, Ill., Oct. 17.—Hon. J. H. Rowell and C. W. Pavey addressed a grand rally of the Republicans at Cerro Gordo, to-day and to-night.

The St. Petersburg newspapers again urge that an entente cordiale with England is opportune, owing to the coolness between Germany and England. The Novosti says that a Russian alliance would hasten the solution of questions now hindered by the rupture between Russia and England. The European equilibrium is due to the undecided attitude of England.

JUDGE THURMAN IN INDIANA

He Appears at Fort Wayne and Delivers One of His Regulation Speeches,

Employing the Arguments and Illustrations Used in His Michigan Addresses-The Crowd Not So Large as Was Expected.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- The day of the big barbecue dawned clear and bright, and early this morning the crowds began to appear on the streets. Fort Wayne's forty thousand people were early reinforced by the inhabitants of the county, while the morning trains brought hundreds and thousands from neighboring towns. Many came as individuals, but many others were organized, prepared for the parade of the day. Judge Thurman arose at 9 o'clock, after a quiet and refreshing sleep. Soon after breakfast his door was thrown open to the multitude. and thousands availed themselves of the opportunity to take him by hand. Besides the Judge, prominent visitors and citizens in carriages, the procession included veteran soldiers, railroad men, visiting clubs, Fort Wayne Democratic organizations, citizens on foot, hunting and shooting clubs, butche rs, and floats and wagons. The procession formed at noon, and after marching through the streets, which were lined with people, went to the Hamilton fields, in the southern part of the city, where three speaking-stands had been erected for the occasion. Prominent all along the line of procession was the bandanna handkerchief, and dresses, coats and umbrellas of the bandanna red gave a brilliant appearance to the parade. Governor Gray, Senator Voorhees and ex-Senator McDonald stood with Judge Thurman on the hotel balcony as he reviewed the parade, which took thirty-five minutes to pass. One big wagon carried a pyramid of handsome young ladies dressed in bandannas, who waved and cheered enthusiastically in response to the ovation given them by the crowd. When the carriages reached the speaking stand at 2 o'clock, 10,000 people were already on the ground, while several thousand more were soon added to the crowd cheered heartily, and during his remarks Fort Wayne, on behalf of M. B. Masters, who has voted the Democratic ticket for fifty years, presented the Judge with a hickory cane, which had been cut and suitably engraved by Mr. Masters. In response, Judge Thurman said: "Thanks. This I take to be a hickory—it looks very much like it. and it looks as if, should that end of it fall on the head of a Republican, if he was a mean man, he would be mighty apt to go down." [Applause.] This response was made after his regular

speech, which was brief, and was followed by

short talks to the people on the other sides of

the stand who had been unable to see and hear

him as they wished. He was in good voice and

seemed to have suffered no exhaustion from the

severe hand-shaking ordeal through which he

passed this morning. The president of the day,

John H. Bass, introduced him, and he spoke as

"My Fellow-citizens-I have been speaking a

great deal of late, and when these gentlemen get done over there [referring to some confusion in the audience|. I will speak a little more laughter and applause; but I will not speak until they have satisfied themselves. I said that I had been speaking a great deal of late, and I have a great deal of speaking to do yet, and much of it crowded into this week. I have to speak to-morrow at Peru, the next day or night at Indianapolis, the next day at Brazil, to say nothing about divers pleasant little talkeetalkees from the end of the train as I go along. Laughter and cheers. | Now, in view of that, and of the necessity of my taking care of my voice, the committee thought it advisable that on this occasion I should speak inside the walls of a house, which, as every speaker knows, is far easier than it is to speak to a great crowd in the oben air. They have, therefore, appointed my meeting for some place-I don't know exactly where it is [several voices-Princess Rink' |- in the city, where I propose to the best of my poor ability to spread myself a little to-night. |Great applause. | In order that I may go there, and that I may have any voice at all to speak there, and especially that I may have some voice to speak to the noble gatherings have mentioned, it is arranged that I am not too were no takers; and this same old soldier has nev-speak from this stand except to express the im-mense gratification that I feel at seeing this Ben Harrison on Nov. 6. Judge Thurman apgrand and magnificent assemblage and to return you my sincerest thanks for your kindly welcome. [Applause.] I have been in Indiana but a few days, but every day that I have spent here has gladdened my heart. [Applause.] A Democrat all my life, it would be impossible for me to see the zeal, the energy and the patriotism of the party here without feeling my heart swelling with emotion and making me prouder than ever of this great and worthy Democratic State. [Enthusiastic applause. I say Democratic State because, aithough I am not a prophet or the son of a prophet, I am about as good guesser at political results as ever you saw laughter and cheering, and when I am told by your noble Governor and your noble Senator Voorhees, and my old friend, Joe McDonald, and divers others of the patriarche and saints of Democracy, that Indiana is safe for Cleveland and Thurman, I believe it as I believe the book of truth. [Applause.] Now, my friends, I must save what voice I have for that speech at the rink to-night, where I will try to do a little better. I thank you for your kind reception, and beg leave to bid you good-bye." [Great ap-

In compliance with a request that Mr. Thurman would show himself at the other side of the stand, he crossed over and said: "If I were a young man I should be utterly ruined because so many people want to see me: it would make me think I am good looking." [Cheers.]
Passing to another quarter of the stand, he addressed the crowd facing him there, in these words: "Weil, my friends, I can only make my bow to you and express my regret that I cannot make a speech here this afternoon. I intend to make one in the city to night, and I must husband my voice for that and other occasions, for I am to speak every day this week."

The reply to the cane presentation was made to that portion of his audience facing the fourth side of the speakers' stand, and upon its conclusion Judge Thurman and party took their carriages and returned to the hotel.

Afternoon trains brought greater crowds into the city, VanWert county, Ohio, sending one thousand of her Democrate, while others came from all this section of country. From Cleve-land came the Tilden Club, 600 strong. Four hundred Toledoans, in a club, came with friends. Torches threw a fine glare on the red bandannas of the marching throng, while fire-works all along the way added to the enthusiasm of the occasion. The streets were lined with the multitude, and shouts for Cleveland and Thurman alternated with cries for State candidates. At times the shouts on the sidewalk seemed fairly to overpower the music of bands and drum corps. This is Indiana's banner Democratic county, and the oceasion was one long to be remembered. Judge Thurman has had many adverse circumstances against which to speak this fall, but here a beautiful little rink, with room for three thousand, was secured, and in it his speech was delivered. The torch-light procession came first, and was reviewed from the hotel balcony, after which the Judge was driven through the

crowded, cheering streets to the rink. During the parade an explosion of fire-works resulted in the fatal injury of Loenzo Bourse and the serious shaking up of several others. Judge Thurman spoke with ease in a strong, clear voice for forty-eight minutes, and was distinctly heard in all parts of the rink He opened by saying he would not indulge in any flowers of rhetoric, but speak the plain, honest truth to the best of his knowledge and belief as to the reasons why the people should re-elect Grover Cleveland President of the United States. He

For three and a half years, and a little more, he has administered the government of this country with such ability, integrity, courage and patriotism that he is entitled to the good will and confidence of the American people. [Applause ] In the second place, he stands upon a platform that commends itself to the consideration and approval of every wise and think-ing man. [Applause.] You have heard how, only about a month ago, there was \$133,000,000 of money in the streasury of the United States that had been drawn from the pockets of the people, not one single dollar of which was needed for the legitimate wants of the government. That surplus has been reduced somewhat since then by the purchase of bonds and otherwise, yet it now amounts to seventy or eighty mill ions of dollars, lying there idle, taken out of the channels of commerce, out of the wants, necessities and uses of the people. There is not a man of reflec-tion but knows that it is a grievous wrong. There is not a man here but knows that, while it is his duty to contribute out of his means such sums as may be necessary on his part to maintain and carry on the government when the government takes from him more money when the government takes from him more money than it has any necessity for, it does him a wrong that he ought not to forgive. [Applause.] That wrong was going on, it was increasing, until, if it had not been stopped—and it would not have been if that brave man Cleveland had not compelled Congress to consider it, no one can foresee what would have been the condition of this country in a short time; for, my friends, that money which the people need in their business, with which your manufactories must be worked and your crops cultivated and gathered and taken to market, is simply

buried in the vaults of the treasury. It is a reslizaburied his talent in the earth instead of making it useful. [Applause.] Cleveland stands on a platform that condemns such a policy as that. The Democratic platform says, 'don't take from the people more money than the government needs." Now, what is the remedy! There are several ways in which this surplus can be reduced. Govera! Harrison thinks it can be best reduced, if I understand his position—and if I misrepresent him I shall be ready to apologize, no man more so—by buying the outstanding bonds of the government, which are at a premium of 28 or 29 per cent. Think of it a moment. Who would be berecent. Think of it a moment. Who would be benefited by that! If I were disposed to create a feeling of antagenism on your part against the men who hold those bonds, I might relate a little history that would stir your blood. You remember very will that what are called the five-twenty Londs were purchased with greenbacks, when greenbacks we e worth only 50 or 60, or at most 70 cents on the dollar in coin. You remember that those bonds were converted into these 4-per-cents., and you recollect perfectly well that the first act of Congress, under Gener 1 Grant's administration, was to make these bonds, which were payable according to their fa e or tadorsement, in areenbacks, payable in coin; and you know that the effect of that was to send them up 30 or 40 per cent in value; and you know that now they are worth 28 per cent. premium, which makes a profit, to those who originally purchased them, of 88 per cent. You know that, and yet the theory of the Republican candidate for the presidency is that your money should be taken from your pockets, without necessity—these bonds not being due until 1891—and poured out with this immense premium into the pockets of the bondholders of the country, [Applause.] I am not going to play the demagogue at all. I am not going to say a word against the men who hold these bonds, but between them and the hard working people of this country I am on the side of the people. [Applause, during which Judge Thurman produced his bandanna, which was greeted with renewed outburst.] Whenever I take it out there is a shout, and then the Republican papers say 'the old fellow is at a trick; he is playing actor; it is a monkey trick of his to pull out his bandanna. Well, it is not so; that is all I am going to say about it now. "The Republican party had admitted that this sur-plus is an abuse; its United States Senators have admitted it, for they have brought in a bill which they say will reduce the annual income of the United States

about seventy-five million dollars. Observe, however, these grave and reverend seniors, the Republican Senators, do not say, as General Harrison says, to reduce it by buying bonds. They know very well that if the government were to announce its purpose to do so the premium on the 4 per cent. bonds would go up right away to 50 or even 60 per cent. premium [applause]; if, indeed, there could be found anybody holding any considerable amount of them who would sell to the government at all. No, they say as the Democrats say, let us reduce the income of the government. But there is a striking difference in the methods. We propose to reduce the income by reducing the tax on the necessaries of life [applause]; they propose to increase the tax on the necessaries of life, and reduce the income by taking the tax from tobacco and whisky to a great extent, and on one necessary of life-sugar. We audience. At the sight of Judge Thurman the crowd cheered heartily, and during his remarks they applauded generously. Fred J. Haven, of increase the duties as their bill proposes on the clothes that the poor man and his wife and children wear, on his implements of industry, on his lumber, or to make but a triffing reduction on that and thereby make the burden of taxation fall principally upon him. It is hard enough that taxes have to be collecte by means of a tariff, for we do not intend to abolish all custom houses and all tariff duties. We know it it is a very easy way to collect taxes, and that it has been followed so long and so many industries have grown up that it would be not only bad policy but injustice to abolish it at once. We know that, and therefore when they say we are free-traders they make an accusation against us that has no foundation in fact. [Applause.] Yet we do not shut our eyes to the fact that the mode of collecting revenue by a tariff is oppressive to the poor people of the land.

> The Judge continued his discussion of tariff at some length, using the arguments and illustrations employed in former speeches. At the conclusion of Judge Thurman's speech laboring man from Cleveland, who had come with the Thurman club, climbed into his chair and, after a speech, led off in rousing cheers for

the "old Roman." A Disappointing Demonstration. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 17 .-- The Thurman demonstration here did not come up to Democratic expectation. There were 6,000 visitors from the outside, many of whom were Republicans. The crowd at the stand where Judge Thurman spoke never exceeded seven thousand. The stands erected on Hamilton square for overflow meetings were unfraquented entirely, and no one attempted to speak from them. The procession occupied exactly thirty-one minutes in passing a given point, and was composed of a promiscuous assemblage, calculated to make Republican votes wherever seen. There had been a tremendous effort to get a big display of made old soldiers in line. There were just eighty eight who marched, and among them were two ex-convicts. An old soldier on the street freely offered to bet that one-half of the men had never been on the south side of the Ohio of Indiana Democrats at the other places that I | river, and he came so near the truth that there

Important Fact Overlooked.

impression that he is an infirm old man.

peared quite feeble on the stand, and gave the

Special to the Indianapotic Journal New York, Oct. 17 .- A very important action on the part of Senator Allison, a few days since. has entirely escaped public attention until brought conspicuously to the public notice today by prominent iron-workers of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, who have discussed the matter in all its bearings with prominent business men of this city. It is that Senator Allison, on Friday last, in the United States Senate, gave notice that he would, at an early date, offer an amendment placing coal slack and culm on the duitable list, as is now provided by Steamship News.

BREMEN, Oct. 17-Arrived: America, from

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 - Arrived: Noordland, London, Oct. 17 .- Arrived: Pascal, from New York. Passed the Lizard: Amala, from New York; Schiedam, from New York for Amster-

The Loyal Legion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 17.-The commandery-in-chief of the Loyal Legion of the United States held its fourth annual meeting in this city to-day. The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: Commander-in-chief. Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio. Will fill the vacancy caused by the death of General Sheridan. Senior vice-commander-in-chief. Senator Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut: junior vice-commander-in-chief, Judge Walter O. Gresham, of

Western Union Backs Down,

LARAMIE, W. T., Oct. 17 .- Dilks Black, manager of the Western Union telegraph office at this point, who was fined \$100 and committed to jail. Monday, for failure to produce certain telegrams bearing on a case being tried in the District Court, was released yesterday. He was advised by the general solicitor of the company to furnish the messages asked for. Judge Saufley then remitted the fine, but required the manager to pay the costs.

Two German Democrats Renounce Their Party.

Special to the Indianapoirs Journal SHELBYVILLE. Oct. 17 .- Nelson Wells and Thomas Wells, two intelligent young Germans of Sugar Creek township, have declared their intention of voting for Harrison and Morton. They state they cannot support Cleveland upon his free-trade policy.

Deaths at Jacksonville. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 17 .- Following is

the official bulletin for the twenty-four hours ended at 6 o'clock this evening: New cases, 36; deaths, 3; total number of cases to date, 3,663; total number of deaths to date, 321. The dead are Gustave Mueller, R. W. Tresbach and Dr. J. M. Fairle.

Two Children Burned to Death. FIFIELD, Wis., Oct 17.-The residence of C. F. Smith was destroyed by fire this morning, at about 8:30 o'clock. Two children, aged three years and eighteen months, respectively, were burned to death. The children were alone in the house when the fire occured and were unable to escape. Intended for Exclusion of Coolies Only.

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 17 .- King Sye Chong, merchapt, who has been compelled to ask for permission to go to New York to attend to his business, has been informed that he can go, and that the exclusion, as intended by the government, refers only to coolies. Artist Gillam Cuts His Throat. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Alfred H. Gillam, the

artist, who last night cut his throat with a razor, at his residence, No. 96 Dean street, Brooklyn, while suffering from malarial fever, died from the effects of his wound early this

Wisconsin Mugwumps. Milwankee Sentinel.

It is stated that nine-tenths of the Independents in Wisconsin who supported Mr. Cleveland in 1884 have returned to the Republican party.—Des Moines Regis-

The statement is incorrect. Only one-half and not nine-tenths. Thad Pound is back, but the other one is still with the Democracy.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

A Saloon-Keeper's Son Fatally Shot by a Rough While Assisting His Father.

Mysterious Disappearance of an Express Agent -A "Rough on Rais" Suicide-Seventeenth · Indiana Reunion-Other Happenings.

INDIANA.

Brownstown Tough Cleans Out a Saloon and Then Fatally Shoots a Man.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. \* SEYMOUR, Oct. 17 .- Last night, at Browstown, a rough named Dick Burrell went into a saloon owned by Dick Winscott, and commenced shoot ing the lamps out with a revolver, it the Texas cowboy style. The men in the saloon rushed out pell-mell, and Burrell followed. It the doorway he was met by Winscoti, and the two engaged in a fight on the sidewalk. The ealoon-keeper's son, William Winscott, a young man twenty-five years old, ran to his father's assistance, when Burrell turned on him with his revolver and fatally shot him. Burrell is a desperate character, and has figured in number of ugly rows, his career opening with the murder of David Haricott, the first marshal of Brownstown, a number of years ago. He is a brother of ex-Sheriff Hugh Burrell and Hon. Bart. H. Burrell, a trustee of the Insane Asylum of Indianapolis. He has not yet been arrested.

Presbyterian Missionary Societies.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal LOGANSPORT, Oct. 17.-The sixth annual meeting of the Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies of the Presbyterian Synod of Indiana is in session in this city. About two hundred delegates are present. The exercises to-day were devoted to foreign missions, and in the absence of Mrs. Charles Hutchinson, of New Albany, on account of sickness, Mrs. D. B. Wells, of Fort Wayne, presided. Many papers, full of interest and profit to the cause of missions, were read. The report of the secretary, Mrs. John Clarke, of Franklin, showed that the society had increased in numbers and membership, and in work also. During the year over \$12,000 were contributed by the eight presbyteries of the State. The synodical societ pledged \$13,000 for next year. Officers for the ensuing term were elected as follows: President emeritus, Mrs. Charles Hutchinson, New Albany; president, Mrs. Charles Conner, New Albany; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. J. M. Coulter, Crawfordsville. Rev. E. M. Wherry, D. D., delivered an address on India to-night To-morrow will be devoted to home missions.

An Express Agent Disappears. JASPER. Oct. 17.-This town is much excited by the mysterious disappearance of Charles Krause, a prominent business man and one o the wealthiest men in the town. He was agent for the Adams Express Company, and as his deputy attended to his business in his absence, no notice of his disappearance was taken for several-days. It had been announced that he was to be married Oct. 1 to Roas Judy, of Ferdinand, Ind., a prominent society lady. The wedding trousseau was prepared, costly presents bad been shown to admiring friends and a grand celebration of event was anticipated. Sunday night Oct. 7, a carriage was hastily summoned and Krause went to Huntingburg, seven miles distant, where he took the 3 P. M. train east. His relatives say he went to Germany on a visit, others say he is in Springfield, Mo., while others think he is in San Diego, Cal.

Suit for Posssesion of a Newspaper. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Madison, Oct. 17 .- The present Democratic postmaster and ex-Democratic editor, Mr. M. A. Barnett, has entered suit in the Circuit Court against the Herald-News Company of this city, and also against each director and stockholder of the Herald company. He claims that they took possession of his property without consideration. and he desires to be put in possession and paid damages. The defendants are well-known Democrats of Madison. There is a very un friendly feeling among "the faithful" here, several of the chief men of the party being at outs and not on speaking terms with each other.

Reunion of a Famous Regiment.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Oct. 17 .- The first annual reunion of the survivors of the Seventeeth Indiana Regiment was held in this city to-day. Of the 1,046 men who composed the regiment when it marched to the front, in June, 1861, only about 150 are living. Most of these were here, as were also Gen. John T. Wilder, the old commander. and General Haskell, of Goshen. There was a parade and exercises at Riverside Park during the afternoon, and the reunion closed with a camp-fire at Music Hail to-night. The matter of fixing a time and place for holding the second reunion has been referred to a committee of five.

Injured by an Explosion of Fire-Works. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FT. WAYNE, Oct. 17 .- A wagon-load of fireworks-roman candles, rockets, fire-crackers, etc .- accidentally caught fire this evening, on HAMBURG, Oct. 17 .- Arrived: Moravia, from | Clinton street. Five men were on the load, and three escaped. Albert Bouse, a married man with three children, was terribly burged, the skin being almost completely burned off his body. He cannot possibly recover. Robert L. Smith was also badly burned about the body, but he will recover.

Attempted to Enter the Wrong House. Special to the Indiapapolis Journal

FORTVILLE, Oct. 17.-James Shackelford, a young man of twenty, while in a state of crazy intoxication, attempted to enter the residence of Mrs. Phebe Fort, who lives alone with a grown son, a school-teacher, about three-quarters of a mile northwest of town. He was met at the door and almost killed by the son, who wielded a stick of stove-wood. The supposition is that the young man thought he was at home.

"Rough on Rats" Claims Another Victim. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Anderson, Oct. 17 .- Miss Edith Foland, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Foland, who reside near Perkinsville, this count y, took "Rough on Rats," yesterday evening, with suicidal intent, and died in great acony at 11 o'clock to-day. She was a very popular young lady, and her untimely death has produced a sensation in the neighborhood where she resided. Despondency over a love

Railroad Appropriation Defeated. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

affair is the supposed cause of the suicide.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 17.-In the election held in Jackson. Ohio and Columbus townships, this county, yesterday, to vote a subsidy tax of 2 per cent. in aid of the proposed Evansville & Richmond railroad, the appropriation was defeated by 130 votes. The road will be built by way of Seymour, now that the tax in this county was not voted.

Minor Notes. Four men were killed in a coal mine, near

Cannelton, on Monday night, by a fall of coal in Mr. John Murtaugh, an old and respected citien and stone-cutter of Madison, died on

Thieves were at work yesterday and last night at Cambridge City. Walter Davis, jeweler, lost a fine gold watch and diamond pin, valued at

Charles Boughner, a farmer residing near Cambridge City, attended the Shelbyville blowout and was robbed of \$100 in cash and \$700 S. B. Crawford, the night clerk, who shot

himself at the Commercial House, in Fort Wayne, on Tuesday evening, died at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Caroline Plambeck, an aged Cerman woman of La Porte, was struck by a Lake Shore passeuger train, on Tuesday, while crossing the

track, and instantly killed, Miss Trecie Roseberry, a dress-maker, died very suddenly at Seymour, yesterday morning, congestion. She was an estimable and accomplished young lady.

Governor Gray has pardoned Charles Race, in jail, at Goshen, on a fine of \$500 for adultery. The secretary of the county board of health made an affidavit that Race would soon die of consumption if he remained in jail.

A. H. Carrier, a member of the Thurman reception committee at Fort Wayne, was robbed of his pocket-book and a number of important papers. Mr. Krudoh was relieved of \$250, and a number of other persons lest smaller sums

The police say the robberies were committed by a gang of toughs who are following Judge Thur man in his trip throughout the State.

ILLINOIS.

Arrest of a Partner on the Charge of Embezzling Nearly \$4,000.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Oct. 17.-Wm, H. Wentz, an old citizen, was arrested to-day on a warrant sworn out by his former partner, W. A. Gerkin, on a charge of embezzlement. Wentz, Gerkin and John Crumbaugh operated the Crown Roller-mill Company, of this city, which went to the wall a few days ago, a receiver being appointed. The receiver reported to the court that Wentz had collected over \$3,800, which he failed to account for. It is said that Wentz operated on the grain market, and was regarded as a shrewd speculator. He gave bond for his appearance in court.

Brief Mention. A ten-year-old son of Lacey Beard, a farmer living five miles south of Marisea, was killed in a runaway accident on Tuesday.

The Presbyterian Synod of the State, in session at Galesburg, elected Rev. Samuel Morton, of Jacksonville, moderator. The eleven presbyteries of the State are represented.

William Rosena, a ratiroad watchmap, at Streator, brutally murdered Patrick H. Collins. a recent employe of the Santa Fe railway, on Tuesday night. Rosena, who is a Swede, boasts of having chopped a man to pieces before he left his native country.

The nineteeth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Illinois Knights of Pythias began at Galesburg on Tuesday. Grand Keeper of the Records and Seal John Gabril, of Chicago, reported a net addition of eightsen lodges in this year, and 1,571 new members, making the total membership 9,961.

Mrs. Jennie Beatty, living near Tuscola, committed suicide, on Tuesday, by hanging herself, at her home, during the absence of her family. Finding no rope handy, the unfortunate woman, who was temporarily insane, used a skein of carpet-chain to carry out her attempt at selfdestruction. She was fifty-seven years old, and a widow.

## CHICAGO'S CAR TROUBLES.

Increasing Dissatisfaction Among All Parties Again Rouses Bad Temper. CHICAGO. Oct. 17 -The 'dissatisfied Northside conductors and driver held a general meeting this morning. The principal business before it for discussion was the fact that over two hundred of the old employes were yesterday refused the privilege of returning to their former positions and taking out cars. A committee was appointed to ascertain how many of the old men were at work and how many idle. A letter was prepared addressed to Mayor Boldenweik, of

Lake View, asking him, in conjunction with three members of the committee of the Council of Lake View, to act as a committee to wait upon Mr. Yerkes with the intention of asking him that the old drivers and conductors be reinstated. A special committee was also appointed to prepare a complete history of the strike, to secure a shorthand report of the conference between Mr. Yerkes and the strikers, and report to a meeting to be called by the executive committee. The voice of the men as they left the ball this morning was in favor of striking again. Before the meeting a report had spread among the men to the effect that the company had brought 200 new men to the city yesterday. This created great excitement, and for a time is was thought that another strike would be ordered at the meeting. The men decided, howerer, to remain at work. The superintendent of the company said no new men had been em-

ployed since the agreement was signed. Mayor Boldenwick and his committee of Lake View citizens waited upon President Yerkes this afternoon and made a plea that the company carry out the settlement as generally understood by giving the old men full employment instead of three-fifths time. Mr. Yerkes emphatically refused. Later, an indignation meeting of residents of the North Side and Lake View was held at the Sherman House. The 300 gentlemen present organized a protective association. A petition from the exstrikers was taken under advisement, asking aid in compelling Mr. Yerkes to carry out the strike

One of the new men, John Smith, alias "John Buil," had his jaw broken this afternoon by a mob, and was otherwise seriously hurt. He had just been discharged for incompetency and was

endeavoring to leave the city.
In view of the arrest of A. S. Wheeler, one of the new men employ ed by the North-side company, for flourishing a revolver, Capt. Villiers yesterday gave orders to search all the men at the "limits" barns. Sergeant Spregler and Edward Furthemann, the company's attorney, accordingly went to the barns and searched all the new men, one after another, as they came in. Nearly every one of them was carrying a weapon of some description, and the result of the search -about seventy-five revolvers, several steel knuckles and clubs, were placed in the safe at the police station. This evening W. H. Robinette, an imported gripman from Kansas City, was fearfully beaten and kicked about the bead by five unknown men. His injuries are not fatal. No cars were run on the Halsted street or Garfield-avenue lines, or on the Wellsstreet cable lines after dark to-night, it being deemed unsafe for both the crews and passengers to do so.

Barry Expelled from the Knights. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17. - The most important action by the general executive board of the Knights of Labor was taken to-day, when Thomas B. Barry, a former member of the board, was formally expelled from the order. Mr. Barry was accused of a series of abuses and vituperations, and was suspended from duty last August. A month afterwards he forwarded his resignation, but this was not acted upon until to-day, when the board refused to accept it and expelled him. In the Journal of United Labor, which will appear on Saturday, (General Master Workman Powderly, over his signature, will ventilate everything which has a bearing on Barry's case. He charges him with having violated every pledge made when he entered the order. He pronounces Barry one of the most despicable scoundrels living. In concluding his lengthy letter, Mr. Powderly says: "This whole trouble will be settled at Indianapolis. \* \* \* On personal grounds I would not notice Mr. Barry. and only tolerated him for the sake of the order. I trust in this crisis to the same powers that have sustained me in the past-God, and the tried and true in the Knights of Labor."

Failure in the Jewelry Trade. New York, Oct 12.-The wholesale jewelry firm of J. M. Chandler & Co., doing business at No. 185 Superior street, went into bankruptcy to-day. George L. Case was appointed assignee, and his bond was fixed at \$40,000. The liabilities of the firm are estimated at \$50,000, and the assets the same.

## The First Symptoms

Of all Lung diseases are much the same : feverishness, loss of appetite, sore throat, pains in the chest and back, headache, etc. In a few days you may be well, or, on the other hand, you may be down with Pneumonia or "galloping Consumption." Run no risks, but begin immediately to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Several years ago, James Birchard, of Darien, Conn., was severely ill. The doctors said he was in Consumption, and that they could do nothing for him, but advised him, as a last resort, to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking this medicine, two or three months, he was pronounced a well man. His health remains good to the present day.

J. S. Bradley, Malden, Mass., writes: "Three winters ago I took a severe cold, which rapidly developed into Bronchitis and Consumption. I was so weak that I could not sit up, was much emaciated, and coughed incessantly. I consulted several doctors, but they were powerless, and all agreed that I was in Consumption. At last, a friend brought me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. From the first dose, I found relief. Two bottles cured me, and my health has since been perfect."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Bold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.